

## Care Planning Checklist for Caregivers

Your caregiving role is dependent on the needs of the person with dementia. The following activities are for consideration only and offered as a guide. Remember, you do not need to do everything yourself!

Early stage planning	Who/When/Comments
Education and support:	
Contact local Alzheimer Society for information for both person with dementia and caregiver.	
Register for First Link® Learning Series.	
Register for support groups, early stage group and caregiver support group for yourself.	
Obtain list of community supports to be available as a reference.	
Engage the person with dementia in discussions when possible.	
<ul><li>Plan to talk or meet with other family members to share the care and keep everyone informed.</li></ul>	
Legal issues:	
OPOA for Property signed (For the bank, you will need to show this signed copy as well as fill in the Bank POA form).	
OPOA for Personal Care signed.	
Clegal will in place.	
Resource: Getting Your Legal and Financial House in Order	
<u>www.champlainhealthline.ca</u>	
Advance Care Planning discussion has taken place regarding wishes	
Resource: A Guide to Advance Care Planning, Ontario Seniors' Secretariat.	
<u>www.seniors.gov.on.ca</u>	
Financial issues:	
If no spouse, and bank account is in name of person with dementia, obtain	
permission for another person (POA) to operate account. Meet with the bank	
manager to have all the paperwork in order.	
If spouse living with person with dementia, establish joint account, if not in place.	
Establish a system of direct deposits for cheques and pension benefits and direct	
withdrawal for bill paying.	
Remove multiple credit cards or lower credit limits.	
Place person on National Do Not Call list to reduce telemarketing calls.	
Resources: Managing Finances and Financial Planning Fact Sheets	
<u>www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources</u>	

## Société Alzheimer Society

Getting organized:	
$\bigcirc$ Identify your support system, who you can contact for help, and link	
responsibilities to specific persons.	
Create a weekly/monthly schedule including activities and appointments of the	
person with dementia. Include your own "break times" into schedule.	
Make a list of personal contacts to call in an emergency and a list of professional contacts involved in care.	
O Develop a health information record including medications and keep updated.	
Resource: Personal Health Record www.champlainhealthline.ca	
OPEVELOP a list of household information: companies and contact information for utilities.	
Have all documentation in order and accessible including list of assets, bank	
account information, insurance policies, titles and deeds to property, vehicle	
information, and so on.	
igcup Keep an eye on driving capabilities and safety issues in the home.	
Resources: Planning for a day when you can no longer drive Fact Sheet	
www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources	
Register for MedicAlert® Safely Home® for the person with dementia at	
1-888-581-3794. <u>www.medicalert.ca/safelyhome</u>	
Consider living arrangements and start looking at options.	
Resources: From Home to Retirement Home	
www.rqpeo.com/media/3926/rrr quide sept09 3b1.pdf	
When a Move is Necessary Fact Sheet	
www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources	

Middle stage planning	Who/When/Comments
Education and support	
Contact your local Alzheimer Society. Register for education sessions and	
caregiver support group.	
Learn strategies for coping with middle stage of dementia.	
Resources: Alzheimer Society publication, "Day to Day Series: Communication"	
and Behaviours: Understanding Changes Fact Sheet	
www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources	
Caregiving role	
Plan activities for the person with dementia that are appropriate and promote	
satisfaction and achievement.	
Obevelop alternate driving/transportation plan if necessary.	
Resource: Planning for a day when you can no longer drive Fact Sheet	
<u>www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources</u>	
Update weekly schedule and ask for help from your support system.	
Register for MedicAlert® Safely Home® for the person with dementia at	
1-888-581-3794 if not already done so. www.medicalert.ca/safelyhome	

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<ul> <li>Assess living arrangements. Should consideration be made to move into a residential care home? (Retirement Home or Care Facility)     Resource: When a move is necessary Fact Sheet         <ul> <li>www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources</li> </ul> </li> <li>Write up a life history including key facts about the person's life experiences that can be shared with care workers who come into the home.         <ul> <li>Resource: All about me www.alzheimerniagara.ca/allaboutme</li> </ul> </li> <li>Tell your own doctor that you are a caregiver of a person with dementia so that your health can be monitored.</li> </ul>	
Community services and taking a break  Now is the time to assess your need to bring in appropriate community services to assist.  Resource: Preparing for in-home help and support Fact Sheet  www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources  Schedule breaks into your caregiving role.  Resource: Taking a Break: Why it's Essential www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources	
Legal and financial issues  ○ Review income tax benefit options.  Resource: Financial Planning Fact Sheet www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources  ○ Become familiar with the long term care application process.  ○ Assess financial resources against cost of increasing in-home support to keep person in their own home as long as possible.	
Relocation to a care facility  Work with community case manager or your Alzheimer Society Counsellor to determine when and where relocation will take place.  Prepare person with dementia for the move. Resource: When a move is necessary Fact Sheet  www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources  On the day of the move, go with the person and stay until settled.  To assist both you and the person with dementia, review the After the Move Fact Sheets which deal with adjustments for the caregiver, communicating and working with staff, and visiting.  After the Move: Adjustments for the Caregiver; After the Move: Communicating and working with the staff; After the Move: Visiting  www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources	

Late stage planning	Who/When/Comments
Education and support	
Contact your local Alzheimer Society. Register for education sessions related to	
final stages of dementia. Register for a caregiver support group.	
○ Know that you will enter a new phase of grieving and that you will need to obtain	
support through this stage.	
Caregiving role	
○ Whether person is at home with 24 hour care or in a care facility, your role is to	
inform, advise, recommend and encourage the best quality care.	
Provide the "All about me" history for care staff to read. Be sure it is up-to-date.	
Resource: All about me www.alzheimerniagara.ca/allaboutme	
Participate in activities with the person as appropriate and as you are able.	
If person is in a care facility, make the environment home-like. Decorate the room	
with seasonal decorations and appropriate articles from home.	
Spend positive time with the person: reminisce, recall humorous experiences,	
find comfort in the silence.	
Communicate according to communication abilities of the person. Be a good	
listener.	
Resource: Day to Day Series – Communication	
www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources  Nako sura that the and of life wicker of the person are communicated to health	
Make sure that the end-of-life wishes of the person are communicated to health care staff.	
If a brain autopsy has been requested, ensure that the doctor, Retirement Home	
or Long Term Care Home and Funeral Home are aware	
Working with health care staff	
Get to know the staff, maintain regular contact with them, see if you can	
participate in some activities, give positive feedback.	
If person is in a care facility, attend care conferences and participate in	
development of plan of care.	
If you have a concern about the care being provided, use effective	
communication skills when discussing with health care staff.	
Resource: After the Move: Communicating and working with the staff	
www.alzheimerniagara.ca/resources	
Adjustments	
Initially you may wish to visit often and then as the person adjusts to new	
environment, your visits may become less often.	
○ Enlist the help of your support system to sit with the person so that you can take	
a break.	
OPlan a schedule for visiting with family and friends.	
○ Know that your life will change and you need to stay physically active and	
reconnect with pleasurable activities that you once enjoyed.	

End stage planning	Who/When/Comments
Education and support  Contact your local Alzheimer Society and gather information about end stage dementia and what to expect.  Let others know what you are going through and seek support.  Caregiving role  Goal is comfort care. Assist in providing comfort measures as appropriate.  Maintain dignity of the person.  The need for companionship remains. Stay calm and attentive and communicate through sensory experiences such as touch, music, reading aloud, reminiscing, etc.  Reminisce — talk about favourite memories, play favourite music.  Re-assure — "I'm here with you", "You are safe"; use touch as in holding their hand.  Provide spiritual support in line with person's wishes and life history — for example: arrange pastoral care or faith leader visits; recite or play favorite readings, prayers, music.  Make sure that health care staff know the person's wishes for end-of-life care.  Communicate with staff any signs of pain/discomfort.  Communicate regularly with family members, friends on how person is doing.	Who/When/Comments
Resource: <i>Visiting in the late stage</i> www.alzheimer.ca/en/niagara/Living-with-dementia/Caring-for-someone/Late-stage-and-end-of-life/Visiting-in-the-late-stage	
<ul> <li>Caring for yourself</li> <li>Share the care. Enlist others to sit with the person.</li> <li>Make sure you schedule in some physical exercise on a daily basis.</li> <li>Participate in grief support.</li> <li>Celebrate the life of the person you have been caring for and take satisfaction for the role you have played to promote quality life.</li> </ul>	